

ECE 381a Homework Set 6

Spring 2013

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Mandatory Problems on Electrostatics and Magnetostatics

1. Consider the a device constructed from two, concentric, infinitesimally thin, perfectly conducting infinite cylindrical shells or radii $b(m)$ and $a(m)$ where $b < a$. The region between the cylinders, $b \leq r \leq a$, is filled with a dielectric of homogeneous permittivity ϵ . The interior cylinder has the potential $V_0(V)$ with respect to the outer cylinder, i.e., $\Phi(b, \phi, z) - \Phi(a, \phi, z) = V_0 > 0$. The outer cylinder is grounded.

- Determine the potential $\Phi(r, \phi, z)$ for $b \leq r \leq a$
- Determine the electric field $\vec{E}(r, \phi, z)$ for $b \leq r \leq a$
- Determine the total charge on the inner cylinder $r = b$
- Determine the total charge on the outer cylinder $r = a$
- Determine the capacitance of this device.

2. Consider in a homogeneous medium of relative permittivity μ_r a straight wire of length L that carries a constant current I . The wire is oriented along the z -axis and its ends are located at the points $(x, y, z) = (0, 0, -a)$ and $(x, y, z) = (0, 0, -a - L)$.

- Determine the magnetic induction field at a point along the y -axis, i.e., find $\vec{B}(0, y, 0)$.
- Determine the magnetic field $\vec{H}(0, y, 0)$ everywhere
- If a charge q (Coulombs) is moving with the constant velocity $\vec{v} = v_0 \hat{y}$, determine the force exerted on the charge by the magnetic field when it passes through the point $P = (0, y, 0)$.

3. Ulaby Problem 4.48

4. Ulaby Problem 4.56

5. Ulaby Problem 5.12

6. Ulaby Problem 5.14

Optional problems on Electrostatics and Magnetostatics

Ulaby: Problems 4.49, 4.50, 4.58, 5.9, 5.10, 5.11, 5.13

Homework Solutions provided: [ONLINE](#)